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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/886,741	06/21/2001	Vincent Chan	ATI.0100680	6028
75	590 08/14/2002			
Christopher J. Reckamp, Esq. VEDDER, PRICE, KAUFMAN & KAMMHOLZ 222 North LaSalle Street			EXAMINER	
			CHU, CHRIS C	
Chicago, IL 60601			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2815	
			DATE MAILED: 08/14/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/886,741	CHAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Chris C. Chu	2815				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the cerrespendence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 J	<u>luly 2002</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 55</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 6, 8, 9, 11, 15 - 18, 20, 21, 23, 41, 43 - 47, 49, 53 and 54</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 6	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s). <u>12</u> . Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Continuation of Disposition of Claims: Claims withdrawn from consideration are 7, 10, 12 - 14, 19, 22, 24 - 40, 42, 48, 50 - 52 and 55.

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's election with traverse filed in the response July 17, 2002 of Group I in Paper No. 11 is acknowledged. However, applicant waived the right to traverse any restriction in the Petition to make special under M.P.E.P. §708.02 which was granted on April 4, 2002. Therefore, the election will be treated as being without traverse and the elected invention drawn to the device and the species of Fig. 5 thereunder will be examined. As indicated in the attached interview summary, applicant identified claims 1-9, 11, 13, 15-21, 23, 25, 41-47, 49, 53 and 54 as readable thereon. Furthermore, applicant indicated that claims 1, 15 and 43 are generic.
- 2. A quick review of Fig. 5 clearly shows that claims 7, 13, 19, 25 and 42 do not read on Species I. Therefore, claims 7, 13, 19, 25 and 42 have been treated as a non-elected Species and are hereby withdrawn from consideration consistent with the elect field on July 17, 2002 addressed above.

In claims 7 and 19, the limitation "the unpackaged semiconductor die is attached to the package module by flip-chip attachment" does not read on Fig. 5.

In claims 13 and 25, the claims are dependent claims of claims 12 and 24 and a limitation in the claims 12 and 24 "a heat sink" does not read on in Fig. 5.

In claim 42, the claim is dependent claim of claim 22 and a limitation in the claim 22 "the graphics-processing die is underfilled" does not read on in Fig. 5.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims $1 \sim 6$, 8, 9, 11, 18, 41 and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, it cannot be determined what applicant regards as "a footprint size based on a standard package." Further, in line 4, "the multi-die module" lacks antecedent basis.

In claim 18, it cannot be determined what applicant regards as "directly attached includes wire bonded."

In claims 41 and 49, the term "substantially" is a relative term, which renders the claim indefinite. The term "substantially" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

6. Claims $1 \sim 6$, 8, 9, 15 \sim 18, 20, 21, 41, 43 \sim 47, 49, 53 and 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fallon et al.

Regarding claim 1, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 a device comprising:

- a package module (874) having a footprint size based on a standard package;
- an unpackaged semiconductor die (864) directly attached to the package module; and
- a packaged semiconductor (862) attached to the multi-die module.

Regarding claim 2, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 the packaged semiconductor (862) being packaged in a ball grid array package.

Regarding claim 3, since Fallon et al. does not limit the unpackaged semiconductor die to any particular or specific device, hence his/her disclosure encompasses all well known semiconductor die's including a "graphics-processor."

Regarding claim 4, since Fallon et al. does not limit the packaged semiconductor die to any particular or specific device, hence his/her disclosure encompasses all well known semiconductor die's including a "memory."

Regarding claim 5, Fallon et al. discloses in column 37, lines 47 and 48 a plurality of packaged semiconductors (862) being attached to the multi-die module.

Regarding claim 6, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 the unpackaged semiconductor die (864) being wire (868) bonded to the package module.

Regarding claims 8 and 20, the phrase "wherein attached includes surface-mount technology reflow" is product-by-process limitation. Even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based upon the product

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itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product is made by a different process. In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (citations omitted). A "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made, In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3). See also In re Brown, 173 USPQ 685: In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523; In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324: In re Avery, 186 USPQ 116; In re Wertheim, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 254 does not deal with this issue); and In re Marosi et al., 218 USPQ 289 final product per se which must be determined in a "product by, all of" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Note that Applicant has the burden of proof in such cases, as the above caselaw makes clear.

Regarding claim 9, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 the unpackaged semiconductor die (864) being encapsulated (876) onto the package module.

Regarding claim 41, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 the encapsulated semiconductor die forming a substantially rectangular structure on the package module.

Regarding claim 15, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 a device comprising:

- a package module (874) sized to be interchangeable with standard package sizes;
- a die (864) directly attached to the package module; and
- a packaged die (862) attached to the package module.

Further, the phrase "to be interchangeable with standard package sizes" is intended use language which does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from Fallon et al. Even further, since Fallon et al. does not limit the unpackaged semiconductor die to any particular or specific

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device, hence his/her disclosure encompasses all well known semiconductor die's including a "graphics-processor." Finally, since Fallon et al. does not limit the packaged semiconductor die to any particular or specific device, hence his/her disclosure encompasses all well known semiconductor die's including a "memory."

Regarding claim 16, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 the packaged memory (862) being packaged in a ball grid array package.

Regarding claim 17, Fallon et al. discloses in column 37, lines 47 and 48 a plurality of packaged memory (862) being attached to the multi-die module.

Regarding claim 18, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 directly attached including wire (868) bonded.

Regarding claim 21, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 the graphics-processing die (864) being encapsulated (876).

Regarding claim 43, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 a multi-die module, comprising:

- a substrate (874) having a first surface and a second surface;
- an unpackaged semiconductor die (864) mounted to the first surface of the substrate, the semiconductor die encapsulated (876) in a structure having a rectangular footprint; and
- a packaged semiconductor die (862) mounted on the first surface of the substrate.

Regarding claim 44, Fallon et al. discloses in column 37, lines 47 and 48 a second packaged semiconductor die mounted on the first surface of the substrate.

Regarding claim 45, Fallon et al. discloses in column 37, lines 48 and 49 a plurality of unpackaged semiconductor die mounted on the first surface of the substrate.

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Regarding claim 46, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 the unpackaged semiconductor die being mounted to the first surface of the substrate by wire (868) bonding.

Regarding claim 47, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 and column 37, line 64 the encapsulating structure (876) being further comprised of an encapsulating material including epoxy, metal cap or silicon coatings.

Regarding claim 49, Fallon et al. discloses in Fig. 46 each of the unpackaged semiconductor die and packaged semiconductor die having a top surface, and wherein the top surfaces of the unpackaged semiconductor die and the packaged semiconductor die being of substantially equal distance from the first surface of the substrate.

Regarding claim 53, since Fallon et al. does not limit the unpackaged semiconductor die to any particular or specific device, hence his/her disclosure encompasses all well known semiconductor die's including a "graphics-processor."

Regarding claim 54, since Fallon et al. does not limit the packaged semiconductor die to any particular or specific device, hence his/her disclosure encompasses all well known semiconductor die's including a "memory."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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8. Claims 11 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fallon et al. in view of Takano et al.

Regarding claims 11 and 23, Fallon et al. discloses the semiconductor package set forth in the claims except for the standard package sizes being 40mm X 40mm. However, Takano et al. discloses in TABLE 1 a standard package sizes being 40mm X 40mm. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time when the invention was made to modify Fallon et al. by using the standard package sizes as taught by Takano et al. The ordinary artisan would have been motivated to modify Fallon et al. in the manner described above for at least the purpose of reducing a limitation in the size of a semiconductor chip (column 2, lines 6 and 7).

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Huang, Watanabe et al., Imasu et al. and Tamaki et al. disclose a semiconductor device.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chris C. Chu whose telephone number is (703) 305-6194. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (10:30 - 7:00).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie C. Lee can be reached on (703) 308-1690. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7382 for regular communications and (703) 308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Chris C. Chu Examiner Art Unit 2815

c.c.

August 12, 2002

EDDIE LEE

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800